**Administration of Thomas Jefferson:**

* A Republican takes over
* As a Republican, Jefferson made changes

 1. abolished internal taxes

 2. reduced govt. spending

 3. cut national debt in ½

 4. scaled down the army

* Appointed as many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_as possible!

**Judicial Branch:**

* Adams left office he secured the Judicial branch in the hands of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Judiciary Act of 1801

 -Reduced Supreme Court from 6 to 5 Justices

 -Created more federal courts

 -Midnight appointments:

 last minute appointments to new courts (all Federalists)

**John Marshall:**

* Father of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Midnight appointment
* Chief Justice
* Revolutionized the Supreme Court

 - established it as a legitimate branch of government = to others

**Marbury v. Madison 1803:**

**Court’s Decision**

* Declared the Judiciary Act of 1789 (act of Congress) unconstitutional
	+ *Constitution does not give leg. power to make executive officers perform these services*
* Marshall and the SC had defined their power of Judicial Review: the power of the SC to declare an act of Congress unconstitutional
* Marshall is responsible for making the Judicial Branch \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to the other two branches

**Louisiana Purchase:**

* Jefferson wanted the Land for his Republican dream of a Nation filled with Farmers!
* Jefferson buys land from Napoleon

 - port of New Orleans was closed to us and we wanted access

* $\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Mississippi River to Rocky Mountains
* Doubles the size of the Country

**Is This Constitutional?**

* Jefferson believes in Strict Construction of Constitution

 - *does not give the authority to buy land*

* The Constitution gives the Pres. the right to make treaties

 - *this can be the excuse to buy the land*

**Lewis and Clark Expedition 1804-1806:**

* The Louisiana Purchase and the Lewis and Clark Expedition

**Who went with Lewis and Clark?**

* Sacagawea and Jean Baptiste (Pomp)
	+ Guide
	+ Translator
	+ Indicator of peace
	+ Encounter her tribe, her brother is now chief: gives needed horses and supplies

**York:**

* Clark’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Viewed as a novelty by the Natives

 - color

 - strength

* They made treaties with the Indians and traded with them for supplies.

**Significance:**

* Doubled US & US claims to Pacific NW
* Fur Trade
* Scientific Achievements
	+ Plants
	+ Animals
* Indian relations (civilization and/or removal)
* Geography
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (with the help of)

**Who is Zebulon Pike?**

* an American brigadier general and explorer for whom Pikes Peak in Colorado is named.
* led the Pike Expedition to explore and document the southern portion of the Louisiana territory
* Zebulon Pike was charged with finding the sources of the Arkansas and Red Rivers, and brought back valuable descriptions of the Great Plains and the Río Grande River Valley.

**John C. Freemont**

* Led multiple surveying expeditions through the western territory of the United States and beyond.
* In 1838 and 1839 he assisted Joseph Nicollet in exploring the lands between the Mississippi and Missouri rivers
* Congress published Frémont's "Report and Map"
	+ it guided thousands of overland immigrants to Oregon and California from 1845 to 1849
* In 1849 Joseph Ware published his *Emigrants' Guide to California*, which was largely drawn from Frémont's report, and was to guide the forty-niners through the California Gold Rush.